

CHAPTER V

CONCLUSION

1. English morphology is the study of English formation words. Here words are generally made up of morphemes. So, English has its own special characteristics in its morphology. Actually in English morphology, the process of its formation words may occur through derivations and inflections, by which English are much more productive than derivations. Besides words, there are affixes in English morphology. But coincidentally English doesn't have any infixes at all in its affixes. So here we can distinguish only two kinds of English affixes, those are prefixes and suffixes.
2. Indonesian morphology is the study of Indonesian formation words. Here the morphemes of Indonesian are derived into words and affixes. Those are involved into prefixes, infixes and suffixes. As the parts of words, Indonesian affixes are really useful in forming some new derivative words. So, that's why the process of formation words in Indonesian morphology always occurs in derivations.
3. The contribution of English morphology into Indonesian vocabulary is that in Indonesian vocabulary had adapted many English words in certain fields, such as: in business and monetary, industry, sport and art, tourism, transportation and telecommunication, personal equipment, and property. In this case, our language takes advantage of it by taking words and affixes of English morphology to become the parts of Indonesian vocabulary.